Mr. Fairbanks then with bold and sweep-

Mr. Fritbanks then with bold and sweeping, but definite and exact lines, drew a striking word pleture of Governor Morton. He pletured his early life, his struggles for an education, the sacrifices he made to sinke his passionate thirst for knowledge, and the power as a lawyer and judge which he early attained by reason of his brilliant qualifications. Then he told in vigorous words the stirring story of Morton's entrance into political life, and of his becoming the governor of his native state at the threshold of a mighty crisis."

Firm When Others Wavered. The realized," said Mr. Fairbanks, "and dvance of most others, the true and mendons significance of the incipient se movement. He did not doubt the sult of the issue, but he favored energetic edy preparation to meet it. When thers wavered he was firm, and when thers doubted he was certain. The task is undertook was herculean. There were who were not in sympathy with the By ceaseless vigilance he anthe defense will introduce is not known, but unless Golden's testimony proves sensitive, through the failure of a hostile and disloyal legislature to perform its duty, he borrowed money upon his personal responsibility and preserved the faith and credit of the state. The emergency was great, and it required a man of commanding force is the state. The emergency was great, and it required a man of commanding force is the state. The emergency was great, and the required a man of commanding force is the state. The emergency was great, and the required a man of commanding force is the defendants brought into court. Capt. Davis and Culton remaining in fail.

and ability to meet it."

Mr. Fairbanks then succintly related the part which Gov. Morton took in the civil war, what he did for his state and her troops in that critical period, and how he won the love of the soldiers and an imperishable reputation at the same time. Next he told how the distinguished statesment afrectly in the grip of a deadly discount to Washington as a sension from indiana. That he might do be duty to his state and to his count, he bid even death defiance. He worked unceasingly that the nation which had just emerged from the here of pitsm of war might be put on the planear of the death.

"There are colleagues of Mr. Morton in

oarley with death.

"There are colleagues of Mr. Morton in
the Senate who remember as though it
were but yesterday how the senator was
borm into this chamber in his chair and
how he delivered his great speeches seated

### The Electoral Commission. Elemently Mr. Fairbanks told of Mor

on's most conspicuous and illustrious public service-his labors on the electoral commission following the presidential election

Stricken by remorseless disease and rapstream by remorseless disease and rapidly approaching the end of an illustrious cureer, he yet became a member of the commission, the creation of which he had antisgonized. He had to be lifted into his seat during the sittings of the commission, there remaining into the long, dreary hours of the night, threeses among the tired. of the night, tireless among the tired essing on where strong men gave way, presents a picture that may well excite and challenge our admiration ind for which history furnishes no ex-

dishonorable act," continued the et. "defracts from his fame. His were clean, his integrity incorruptille was a bold but chivalrous political adjustity, for his sense of honor was His political adversaries at the of bis death paid tribute to his stained exalted purpose. He was regarded unkel as an intense partisan, and he was. He had an abiding faith in irtue of his party and of its beneficial and instrument in promoting good unment.

"The state of Indiana commits to the keeping of the United States the statue of Oliver ong as the fabric of our political institutions shall endure. She commits it with ffectionate pride, believing that those who shall follow us in the stately procession of the years to come will preserve in it perpetual remembrance of one who gave his best years, yea, life itself, in unselfish, unceasing devotion to the mighty task of preserving the unity and honor of his country.

the statues of Samuel Adams, Ethan John Stark and Roger Sherman to ered speech, yea, if George Washington del Webster, James A. Garfield and the r occupants of our American panthe d patriots and immortals the greatest ould breathe through their marble forms hey would say: 'Hail, hail, thou brave and incorruptible patriot, thou loyal vice reg of the people in the perilous hours of

### Mr. Allison's Tribute.

In a strong address Mr. Allison, following Mr. Fairbanks, paid a tribute to Mr. Mor. ton, with whom he had served in the Senals. He said it was not only his pleasure to serve with Senator Morton, but to know much of him. He said it afforded him spe much of him. He said it anorued him spe-cial pleasure, after so many years had passed and the antagonism of a generation ago had been softened or quite forgotten. "to address the Senate briefly on the occa-sion of the receipt by the United States from the state of Indiana of a statue of this great man."

## TO RETURN TO MANILA.

Commander Taussig to Be Restored to Command of a Gunboat. Commander Edward Taussig is to be sent out to Manila in April to take command of the gunboat Yorktown, in place of Com-

mander Sperry. The latter officer is near the head of the list of commanders and is about to become a captain, under the terms of the personnel act, so that the command of a gunboat would not be commensurate his rank. Therefore he will come back to the United States and will be given

back to the United States and will be given shore day for a time.

Commander Taussig was formerly in command of the gunboat Bennington at Manila, but he was relieved of that command as the result of a difference with Admiral Watson, and came back to San Francisco. His return to Manila and equivalent command is in a sense a vindication for the officer.

## VATIONAL RED CROSS.

Bill to Incorporate It Favorably Re-

ported to the House. The House committee on foreign affairs has favorably reported the bill (S. 2031) to meorporate the National Red Cross. The incorporators named are: Clara Barton, George Kennan, Julian B. Hubbell of the District of Columbia; Stephen E. Barton of New York, William R. Day of Ohio, Brainard H. Warner, Ellen Spencer Mussey, Alvey A. Adee of the District of Columbia; Joseph Sheldon of Connecticut, Charles F. Fairchild, William Letchwerth of New Fairchild, William Letchwerth of New York city, Hiliary A. Herbert of Alabama, Joseph Gardner, Enola Lee Gardner of Bedford Ind.; John W. Noble of St. Louis, Mo.; Richard Oiney of Boston, Mass.; Alexander W. Terrell of Austin, Texas; Leslie M. Shaw, Benjamin Tillinghast of Iowa; Abraham C. Kaufman of Charleston, S. C.; J. B. Vinet of New Orleans, La.; George Gray of Delaware, Redfield Proctor of Vermont, George F. Hoar of Massachusetts, Charles A. Russell of Connecticut, Robert W. Miers of Indiana, George C. Boldt, William T. Wardell of New York; Daniel Hastings, J. Wilkes O'Nell of Pennsylvania; Thomas F. Walsh of Colorado, John G. Sumner of California, Charles C. Glover, Walter S. Woodward, Elizabeth Kibbey, Mabel T. Boardman, Walter Wyman, Sumner I. Kimball of the District of Columbia, and Edward Lowe of Michigan.

## To Exchange or Melt Coins.

The Treasury Department has given its sanction to a bill which is to be introduced by the coinage committee of the House giving the treasury authority to either melt or exchange foreign gold coins reaching this country. Under the present law for-eign gold coin, the English sovereign, for-instance, is melted by the government when it reaches the treasury. It is believed that the mints would occasionally make a profit by seiling instead of melting these coins.

Feudists to Frankfort.

GOLDEN ON THE WITNESS STAND

He Bluntly Tells of Intent to Reduce Democratic Majority.

TAKEN ILL WHILE TESTIFYING

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 24.-The prosecution in the case against Secretary of State Caleb Powers, charged with complicity in the Ghebel assassination introduced its principal witness today, F. Wharton Golden of Knox county, as intimate friend of Secretary Powers.

The court room was jammed long before the hour set for the examination, and when finally the doors were closed a large crowd remained outside. The commonwealth expects to rest its case during the morning session. Just what testimony in rebuttal the defense will introduce is not known

Capt. Davis and Culton remaining in jail.

F. Wharton Golden of Barboursville was sworn as the first witness. He said he had known Secretary Powers for seventeen or eighteen years and was a good friend of all the defendants. Witness was in Frankfort in January and February and saw Powers nearly every day. He was in Frankfort on January 14 and went to Harlan county on January 18; then went to Laurel county for two or three days, from there returning to Frankfort. there returning to Frankfort.
"Where then did you go?-to Barboursville?" asked Attorney Campbell.

### Refused to Answer.

The witness refused to answer. Powers told him to go to Harlan county and tell Postmaster John Hirst to send down ten witnesses in the contest case.
"He told me to go to Harlan county and tell Mr. Hirst to send down ten men who were regular mountain feudists."
"What was your understanding of that

Well, men who would stand up, and, if "Well, men who would stand up, and, if necessary, go into that legislative hall and kill off enough to make it in our favor. "I did not see Mr. Hirst, I saw Hamp Howard. I told him we wanted ten men who had good Colts-forty-fives." "Were the forty-fives to be put in evidence?" asked Attorney Campbell. "Most assuredly they were," answered Golden.

Golden said he did not know the witnesses who came to Frankfort. He delivered the message to Howard on the Sunday preceding the Goebel shooting.

"When did you next see Caleb Powers?"

"I saw him on Tuesday. I got on the train at Ferris station, Laurel county, He had a couple of men on the train named Pease and Locket. He told me to take care of them. I next saw Powers in Frankfort. I don't remember what conversation we had then."

"Who selected the men who came from Harlan county? "Hamp Howard selected thirty men, be-

sides the ten. Caleb Powers, I think, se-lected the men from Knox county. There were about seventy or eighty. County At-torney Sparks selected the men from Laurel When witness saw Powers in London the ecretary said he wanted a regular army of mountain men to come. In all about 1.200 or 1.500 men were brought to Frankfort, the witness said. They were fed back

of the state house, Captain Davis and

harles Finley providing the provisions, Continuing, Golden said:
"We sent most of them back that night.
By 'we' I mean myself, Powers, Captain By 'we' I mean myself, Powers, Captain Davis, William Culton and Governor Taylor. Finley, Taylor and Powers decided to send them back, all except ten or fifteen from each county. About 175 mountaineers brought to Frankfort remained here to see that we got justice.

"We understood what they were kept here for. We knew that those men were here to go into that legislative hall and if necessary clean out those fellows."

"What fellows?"

"What fellows?" The democrats-enough to make a ma-The answer created a sensation in the

Golden said he was in the executive buildagon the day before the shooting. He met taleb Powers in Gov. Taylor's ante-room. Powers asked him to go to Louisville that lay. He told John Powers he was going to Louisville with Caleb Powers. During a lengthy argument over a technical point Golden became ill and court was adjourned to 1:30 o'clock.

## Car Builders' Wages Raised.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 24.-James Mc Beth, master car builder of the New York Central railroad, has announced an increasof 10 per cent in the wages of the 1,000 men employed under him in the East Buffalo shops. In some instances the increase is over 10 per cent.

## BONA-FIDE CIRCULATION.

A reference to the statement below will show that the circulation sworn to is a bona-fide one.

It is easily possible for a newspaper with an elastic conscience to swell its legitimate circulation enormously, in order to deceive advertisers, by sending out thousands of papers to newsstands which are returnable, and which are, in fact, returned, but nevertheless are included in what purports to be an honest statement of circulation.

Intelligent advertisers, however, judge by results, and bogus circulations don't give them.

The family circulation of The Star is many thousands in excess of any other Washington paper.

Circulation of The "Evening	Star."
TUBDAY, March 17, 1900	39,062
ONDAY, March 19, 1900	32,451
UESDAY, March 20, 1900	32,668
EDNESDAY, March 21, 1900	32,379
HURSDAY, March 22, 1900	32,479
RIDAY, March 23, 1900	32,359

.. 201,398

...33.566

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVENING STAR circulated during the six secular days ending Friday, March 23, 1900-that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona-fide purchasers or subscribers, and that the copies so counted are not returnable to or remain in the office unsold.

J. WHIT. HERRON. Cashier, Evening Star Newspaper Co. Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-fourth day of March, A. D. 1900. BENJAMIN F. EDWARDS.

Notary Public, D. C.

mary Tickets.

Polling Places to Be Watched in Order to Assure a Fair Count-Bitterness Between Factions

among the leaders of both the Norris and Holmead factions of the local democracy which were devoted largely, it is understood, to selecting tickets to be voted for in the primary elections April 10. Each side intends to place none but men who can be absolutely depended upon to support their respective factions in the local convention on their tickets, and consequently the names presented were closely scrutinized A suggestion was made to a prominent Norticket composed of three Norris and three sought-for harmony might be established

"Not even one Holmead man, much less three," was the response. "If the Holmead people can elect one delegate to Kansas City in the convention of April 17 they can elect all six. It's all or nothing between the two wines now." two wings now."
When a Holmead man was informed of these remarks he said that he reckoned the issue was just about as stated and that no

compromise was looked for.

"The Star was right in saying it would be a fight to a finish, and it will be a hot

To Watch the Count.

A large number of local democrats asembled last night in the office of the Silver Watchman, No. 1229 Pennsylvania avenue, and decided to hold a mass meeting next Monday night at Maccabee Hall. The gathering was presided over by Capt. J. A. Collins, with Mr. H. H. Ramage as secretary. It was determined to take measures to assure an absolutely fair count of the votes to be cast at the primary election April 19, and to insure the election of only pronounced Bryan men to the local convention, and thus secure a delegation to Kansas City unqualifiedly pledged in favor of his nomination and the Chicago platform. In the course of the speeches declarations were made that ex-Senator Gorman and Mr. James L. Norris were engaged in a movement to prevent if possible the nomination of Mr. Bryan at Kansas City.

Committee of Thirty. It was determined to form a committee of thirty local democrats, whose loyalty to 16 to 1 and Bryan has always been pronounced, who, in turn, should choose an executive committee of nine to assume the executive committee of nine to assume the management of the Bryan forces at the coming election. Messrs. Herman J. Schulteis, Edward L. Jordan, Cotter T. Bride, W. E. Carr and Dr. A. L. Reigel were appointed a committe to select the thirty men and report their names to the mass meeting next Monday night.

Among the speakers who addressed the meeting were ex-Representative Charles H. Turner of New York, ex-Representative J. Floyd King of Louisiana, Edward L. Jordan, J. A. Ryan and Dr. Reigel. Messrs. Turner and Jordan were two of the six District delegates to the convention of 1896 at Chicago.

### TO BE CONSOLIDATED.

1896 at Chicago

Departments of Havana and Pinar del Rio to Be United.

Secretary Root said today that while he was in Havana arrangements were made for the consolidation of the department of province of Havana and Pinar del Rio. commanded by Brig. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, and the department of Havana, commanded by Brig. Gen. William Ludlow, into one department, under the command of Gen. Lee, o be known probably as the department of Havana and Pinar del Rio. The department commanded by Gen. Ludlow practically confined to the city of Havana,

practically confined to the city of Havana, and is within the limits of the province of Havana, commanded by Gen. Lee.

The details of the execution of this general plan of merging one department into the other were specially confided by Secretary Root to the three officers most directly concerned, namely Maj. Gen. Wood, commanding the entire military division; Gen. Ledlow and Gen. Lee.

manding the entire military division; Gen. Ludlow and Gen. Lee.

They will agree upon some plan for the government of the city of Havana, pending its complete transfer to the Cuban authorities. The probabilities are that General Lee will act as military governor of the city, under the direction of General Wood. When General Ludlow is relieved, which will probably be in a few days, he will return to this city and resume the consideration of the important work of organizing the proposed army war college. the proposed army war college.

Secretary Root also said that the gradual withdrawal of the military force now occu-

Cuba will ensue The general officers in Cuba are too numerous in proportion to the number of enlisted men, and the surplus will by degrees be called home and assigned to other military duty. tary duty.

## MEMORIAL OF GRANT

House Passes a Bill Directing Preparation of Designs. The House today, by unanimous consent

on motion of Chairman McCleary of Minnesota, passed a bill for the preparation of plans or designs for a memorial or statue of Gen. Ulysses S. Grant on ground belonging to the United States government in the ity of Washington. Mr. McCleary made a short but eloquent

appeal for the establishment of this me-morial, and said that the memory of Grant is dear to the south for his kindness as it is to the north, for his deeds.

is to the north, for his deeds.

The bill provides that the Secretary of War, the chairman of the joint committee on the library, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives be appointed a commission to secure plans and designs for a statue or memorial of Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, late President of the United States and general of the armies thereof, to be erected on ground belonging thereof, to be erected on ground belonging to the United States in the city of Wash-ington. The commission is directed to re-quest from leading artists or architects competitive plans or designs of such a statue or memorial. The sum of \$10,000 is statue or memorial. The sum of \$10,000 is appropriated for expenses attending the securing of such designs and for the payment to the five artists or architects whose plans may be favorably considered by the commission, which shall be reported to Congress with a careful estimate of the cost of such memorials or statues.

## Naval Orders.

Pay Inspector W. J. Thomson has been letached from duty as paymaster of the Asiatic squadron and ordered to establish a navy pay office in Hong Kong, China, Ensign J. J. Raby from the Nero to the Farragut.

Lieut. R. Spear to home on waiting orders.

Naval Cadets E. J. Sadler and J. B. Gilmer from the Iowa to the Philadelphia. Warrant Machinists W. G. Hall, G. C. Ellerton and L. Arne, from the Nero to the Vermont.
Lieut. Commander W. R. A. Rooney, at
the Mare Island Hospital, has been ordered to the Naval Home, Philadelphia, for

reatment. Lieut. Commander J. A. Shearman, to the hospital at Hot Springs, Ark., for treat-ment, and then to the Mare Island Hos-

pital.

Lieut. Commander R. H. Galt, Passed Assistant Paymaster Z. W. Reynolds and Lieut. W. A. Gill, granted three months' sick leave, when discharged from the Mare Island Hospital.

Lieutenant Commander B. Tappan has been detached from the Washington navy yard and ordered to duty in charge of hydrographic office, Baltimore, Md.

Captain G. E. Ide, from the command of the Yosemite on arrival of relief and report to commander-in-chief of Asiatic station for duty.

aptain John McGovan has been granted sick leave for four months.

Lieutenant John R. Edie, from the Washington navy yard to the hydrographic office, bureau of equipment, and order of Acting Warrant Machinist J. T. Penny-

cook, from the Constellation to the For-Passed Director D. A. Smith has been ordered to proceed to Hong Kong. China, and to establish a navy pay office, sailing from San Francisco, April 7.

Proceedings of the Virginia M. E. Annual Conference.

For \$8,000 Per Annum It is Willing REV. MR. CLEAVER'S CERTIFICATE

There were several consultations today | Many Important Business Matters Disposed Of.

OTHER NEWS OF INTEREST

Evening Star Bureau, No. 701 King st.. Bell Telephone No. 106,

ALEXANDRIA, Va., March 24, 1900. With the usual routine business the third day's session of the Virginta annual conference. Methodist Episcopal Church, opened this morning at 9 o'clock, in Trinity M. E. Church, on South Washington street. Bishop John F. Hurst of Washington presiding. The first new business taken up was that of the case of Rev. J. T. Cleaver, whose connection with the conference had been dissolved. The question of withdrawing the conference credentials from him was discussed, and it was determined to request Mr. Cleaver to return the certificate rereived from Bishop Goodsell at a former session of the Virginia conference. Much discussion was indulged in relating to the exchange of certificates, one of which is held by Mr. Cleaver and another by the official body. On motion it was decided to nstruct the secretary to write to Mr Cleaver for the return of the parchment held by him, also instructing the secretary that he might return the certificate receiv-ed before from Mr. Cleaver, writing on the paper, "Invalidated by vote of Virginia con-ference."

Elders and Deacons. Samuel A. Wanless, a deacon, having completed his full course of study, was elected to elder's orders. Henry P. Barnes, who was transferred from the central Ten nesses conference, was elected to elder's orders. Those who will be ordained dea cons tomorrow, having already passed the required examinations, are I. F. Rickett, A. M. Crabtree, Wm. M. Shuller and R. H.

A. M. Crabtree, Wm. M. Shuller and R. H. Hackler. Those to be ordained elders tomorrow are Thomas C. Jordan, Morgan M. Davenport, J. P. Glies, S. A. Wanless, R. N. Hartness and H. P. Barnes.
On vote of the conference Anson Crabtree was made local deacon. William M. Shuler was elected to deacon's orders.
The list of supernumgrary preachers was called and the following continued: G. H. Thompson, G. W. Graham, W. T. Schooley, G. A. Conner, C. B. Myers (continued conditionally). C.M. Neff was removed to active work. Others continued as superditionally). C.M. Neff was removed to active work. Others continued as super-numerary preachers were A. H. Ingall and J. D. Mays.

J. D. Mays.

The case of J. Halfpenny, who asked to be put on the active list, was referred to the committee on conference relations.

It was announced that E. G. Hutchinson had been transferred to the north Nebreska conference. oraska conference. holding the next annual conference was

next taken up. Next Conference at Ronceverte.

The following points were put in nomination: Piedmont Church, Waterford and Ronceverte. By a unanimous vote Ronceverte was chosen. This town is situated in Greenbrier county, West Virginia. On motion the sale of church property in Pendle-

tion the sale of church property in relate-tion county. West Virginia, Greenbrier dis-trict, was authorized. Bishop Hurst asked the usual question if any had been received on trial and thera-was no response. With the disposal of this matter Bishop Hurst announced that all of the set conference questions had been pro-

the set conference questions had been propounded.

A petition that a portion of the Virginia conference, embracing territory adjacent to Norfolk and Newport News, be set apart and be allowed to become incorporated into the Wilmington conference of North Carolina was read by the bishop. Presiding Elder Porter spoke on the matter.

He stated that the territory in question had been built up by the conference until it had become a green spot in the bounds of the Virginia body. He spoke emphatically against a dismemberment of the conference. The question was referred to a committee on memorials and petitions. Messrs. D. C. Hedrick, W. M. Dye, C. D. Houchins and Morgan M. Davenport were Messrs. D. C. Hedrick, W. M. Dye, C. D. Houchins and Morgan M. Davenport were appointed on this committee. It was decided to hold a special business session at 4 o'clock this afternoon, when the standing committees will report. This was suggested in order that the bulk of business might be disposed of in time for winding up the final affairs Monday. The report of collections to the amount of \$300, which was ordered to be distributed The com mittee on conference relations reported the case of R R Little who asked to b put on the supernumerary list. It was recommended that Mr. Little be located, with the privilege of retaining his credentials.

Church Insurance Society. The report was adopted. The board of examiners was reported as follows: C. W Ball, president; U. S. A. Heavener, regis trar; G. W. Stallings, A. N. Munday, W. A Sharp, C. M. M. Fultz, J. K. Rumburg, J F. Giles, R. L. Leslie, M. M. Dye, J. P. Felt ner and S. A. Wanless. Bishop Hurst in troduced Dr. W. H, W. Reese of Cincinnati and Mr. H. P. Magill, insurance agent for the church insurance society. Mr. Magill

addressed the conference and explained the object of his society. Dr. Reese next delivered a lecture relating to the Freedman's Aid Society.

The committee on missions made its reduced as was also the young soldiers on government reservations. In the report of the committee on Sunday schools it was emphasized that the success of the church was largely dependen

upon the successful work of training the children. children.

The committee on tracts next reported, and was followed by the committee on the Freedman's Aid and Southern Education Society, both of which reports were adopted. At noon the session adjourned with benediction pronounced by Rev. D. C. Hedrick

benediction pronounced by Rev. D. C. Hedrick.

While the regular business session was in progress the lay members withdrew to the lecture room for the purpose of choosing a delegate and alternate to the general conference. Mr. Frankin Sherman was chosen chairman and Mr. Chester Gaven secretary. After much balloting Mr. A. V. Dye was chosen delegate and Mr. C. C. Claypool alternate.

## Jury Ealled to Agree.

The jury in the case of Watkins against the Washingtons Alexandria and Mt. Vernon Railroad Company reported late ves terday afternoon that the verdict could not be reached, and Judge Nicol ordered the tweive men discharged and the case continued. This is the second time this case has been heard in the circuit court. At the first trial an award of \$4,000 for the plaintiff made by the jury was set aside by Judge Nicol. Suff-was brought for the recovery of \$10,000 damages for the death of William Waskins, stusband of the plaintiff, for which, it was alleged, the defendant company was responsibly. officers at Havara as final, and therefore Acting Secretary Allen has referred the matter to the Secretary of War, pointing out that the United States law exempts United States vessels from pilotage requirements at all United States ports, which law would apply if Cuba is regarded as, for the time, under United States jurisdiction; while, on the other hand, if the island is regarded as foreign soil, then there is also an exemption, for national ships are not required to take pilots in foreign ports against their will under international law.

Personal and General. The funeral of Mrs. C. F. Wood, who

leath occurred Thursday in Washington, took place this afternoon from the resi dence of Mrs. R. W. French, daughter of the deceased, on South Washington street Rev. P. P. Phillips of St. Paul's Church conducted the services, which were largely attended. Interment was made in the Presyterian cemetery. Rev. Frank J. Brooke, D.D., of Staunton.

Rev. Frank J. Brooke, D.D., of Staunton, who has accepted a call to the pulpit of the Second Presbyterian Church in this city, will arrive here the latter part of next week and preach the opening sermon of his pastorate Sunday, April 1. A public reception will be held in the church Thursday evening, April 5, under the auspices of the Westminster League, to extend to Rev. Dr. Brooke a welcome. Rev. E. V. Register of the M. E. Church South will be asked to deliver an address on behalf of the pastors of the city and Elder K. Kemper for the league and congregation.

Humane Society.

to Relieve Mr. Einstein of His

Mr. A. S. Pratt, president of the Washing-

ton Humane Society, today submitted to

the District Commissioners, on behalf of the society, an offer to take entire charge

of the pound service, including the col-

lection, care and final disposition of ani-

mals, for \$8,000 per annum, which is said

to be just one-half of the sum derived by

The society, states Mr. Pratt, has been

induced to make such an offer because

such representations have been made to it,

from time to time, in regard to the cruelty

and unnecessary suffering attendant upor

the selzure of unlicensed and (at present)

persons who pay no dog tax, and that un-icensed animals have been allowed to run

at large and multiply until some panic or

apprehension arises, when it becomes ap-parent that the work to be done, unpleas-ant and difficult at the best, has been in-creased by previous neglect.

Careful and Humane.

The society would undertake, explained

Mr. Pratt, to keep the District as free from

unlicensed dogs as possible by unremittent

watchfulness and the constant collection

of them and other animals amenable to

the law. In this work the society's agents,

the law. In this work the society's agents, who are constantly patrolling the streets on the outlook for cases of cruelty or suffering, would, he thinks, be of great service. The seizures would also be made in the most humane manner possible, and the conditions at the pound as to food, shelter, assortment as to sizes and a quick and easy death for the unredeemed, would receive careful and constant attention.

System in Other Large Cities

This work in other cities, notably New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, has,

states Mr. Pratt, been put in charge of

such societies as the local one by law,

greatly, he thinks, to the benefit of the

animals and the advancement of humanity

animals and the advancement of humanity and civilization. The officers and committees of the local society give their time and attention to this work gratuitously, besides contributing of their means to its support, and the society would expect nothing more for this additional labor beyond a fair allowance for actual expenses which could be made from the proceeds of the dog tax.

dog tax.

In making the offer, Mr. Pratt asked the Commissioners to consider it and bring it to the attention of Congress for such legislative action as may be deemed necessary and proper. The Commissioners will give the matter every consideration, and it is not improbable that they will recommend the acceptance of the society's offer.

NEGRO AND TRAMP LYNCHED.

Both Taken From the Jail at Emporia, Va.

NORFOLK, Va., March 24.-Walter Cot-

ton, who escaped from the Norfolk county jail while awaiting execution, was lynched

at Emporia, Va., at 1 o'clock this after-

noon. Since his escape he has killed three

other men-Justice of the Peace Saunders,

Constable Welton, and John W. Blick, a

The governor sent troops to protect Cot-

on, but the citizens of Emporia promising

to protect the prisoner, they were with-drawn. Twenty minutes afterward a mot

J. HOGE TYLER, Governor.

Maj. Cutchins' telegram said: "Without military protection prisoners will be lynched tonight," and the governor is being much

onight," and the governor is being much riticised for not assuming authority and rdering Maj. Cutchins to bring the prison-

THE NAVY OBJECTS.

he Essex Was Obliged to Take a Pilot on Entering Havana Harbor.

Commander Courtis of the Essex has in-

ormed the Navy Department that the port

authorities of Havana have compelled him

o take aboard and pay a pilot upon en-

ering the harbor at that port. This is in

violation of the naval regulations, which

declare that a pilot shall not be taken on a

naval vessel except in cases where they

annot be dispensed with in safety. New

Havana harbor is notably easy of entrance

and it is not maintained that a pilot is

necessary for a naval ship with accurate

sory pilotage in force there the Essex was

The Navy Department, however, is no

lisposed to accept the action of the army officers at Havara as final, and there-

Senator Mason today introduced a bill which provides as follows: "That the Sec-

retary of the Navy be, and is hereby, au-

thorized to furnish and deliver to the

Schley home fund committee of the Wo-

man's Patriotic League of Washington 500

nounds of historical bronze, the same to be

obliged to yield to the port authorities.

charts, but as there is a system of compul-

rs to a place of safety.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

bartender.

the District from the tax on dogs.

Prices of Stanlard Railway Shares Were Improved Today.

INDUSTRIALS WERE NEGLECTED

Bank Statement Was Favorable

for First Time in Weeks.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS Special Dispatch to The Evening Star

NEW YORK, March 24.-Top prices for the week and in several instances record prices for the middle-class railroad groun were recorded near the close of today's business. The commission house demand was liberal and the tone of the market genunmuzzled dogs, and their detention and erally was confident. destruction at the pound. It is said, he further states, that many dogs are kept by

The industrial department lags, primarily because of labor troubles, and the trac tion shares are weak because of the evils of the burdensome franchise tax about to be levied.

The demand is distinctly for rallroad shares and for the reorganized properties or the high-priced trunk lines. The buying of Pennsylvania was especially confident, buying of thousand-share lots carrying the price up to 140. Rock Island attracted a good demand, and New York Central found an unusually willing market for large The Pacific stocks rallied easily from yes

The Pacific stocks railied easily from yesterday's realizing sales and moved up beyond the previous high point. Union Pacific was strong under big dealings, and Southern Pacific forged ahead, notwithstanding a liberal offering of stock. Baltimore and Ohio issues were advanced sharply, the common stock being again moved up in sympathy with the demand for the preferred. Atchison issues developed new strength and Southern Railway gave evidence of a good conservative inquiry. lence of a good conservative inquiry.

Returning tourists from the couth all com

ment upon the excellent physical condition of the Southern system, and the beneficial results of modern enterprise throughout that seation.

results of modern enterprise throughout that section.

The demand during the entire morning reflected a change in the attitude of the public, and the promised revival of activity seems to have at least entered upon the threshold of the security markets.

The bank statement, for the first time in many weeks, was favorable to prices. The week's operations have resulted in a loss of only \$360,700 in lawful money, all in specie. The important change is the re-The important change is the re-of \$12,560,700 in loans, and this in spite of the increased activity in the stock market. The probable explanation is that it represents a reduction of loans on government bonds made by the local banks to their out-of-town correspondents who wished to take advantage of the new currency bill.

bill. deposits are reduced \$13,966,300, call-

The deposits are reduced \$13,906,300, calling for a smaller reserve and with the result that the surplus over legal requirements is increased \$3,130,875, or to \$5,817,300 in all. The statement was a welcome relief to the financial community and inspired some exceptionally good buying right at the close of the day.

The present upward movement in the market should, accidents excepted, extend over the period of investment incident to the April disbursements, and the payment of bond premiums under the refunding plan. London, of course, has been a most persistent buyer of our stocks during the week, and disappointments in South Africa would, for a time at least, disconcert the local interests in their projects for higher prices. This disappointment would, in all probability, be but temporary.

### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

and hanged him, also riddling his body with New York Stock Market. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bar and brokers, 1419 F st., members New stock exchange, correspondents Messrs denburg, Thalmann & Co., New York. RICHMOND, Va., March 24.-The troops left Emporia at 11 o'clock. The mob hung Walter Cotton at 12:45, fifty minutes before the Richmond soldiers arrived. Gov. Tyler is catching it hot and heavy. After riddling Walter Cotton's body with bullets the crowd started back to jail after O'Grady, the white tramp who was Cotton's companion when he killed two citizens. O'Grady was believed to be innocent, and the mob was three times driven from the jail by determined citizens, but he was finally dragged out with a rope around his neck and they hung him to the same tree. The officers who were in sympathy with the mob in Cotton's case, were unable to control it when an innocent man's life was demanded. was demanded.

The decision to send the troops home was after a conference by the judge and sheriff of the county with leading citizens. Major Con. Tobacco. 32
Con. Tobacco. pfd. 85
Delaware & Hudson. 507
Federal Steel. pfd. 75½
General Electric. 129% 1
Illinois Centrat. 1143, 1
Louisvihe & Nashville. 844
Metropolitan Traction. 164½ 4
Missouri Pacific. 483
Missouri Pacific. 483
National Lead Co. 343
National Lead Co. Cutchins addressed the meeting and said he could hold the jail with his troops against any mob, but desired to avoid bloodshed, and if he was to stay would ask 51½ 75½ 131 115 85¾ 161½ 95½ 48¾ 34½ bloodshed, and if he was to stay would ask the governor for enough troops to prevent the likelihood of an attack.

The citizens who spoke declared that Walter Cotton, the negro who murdered two prominent citizens Thursday, should never leave the county. A vote was taken Missouri Pacific. 48%
M. K. & T. pid. 34½
National Lead Co.
New Jersey Central. 117½
New York Central.X-rts. 1857
Northern Pacific. 56%
Northern Pacific, pfd. 75½
Pacific Mail. 87 never leave the county. A vote was taken on sending the troops away and nearly every hand went up. The officials desired the troops to remain, but were afraid for themselves if they took the stand against public opinion. Governor Tyler is blamed for not taking heroic measures and interposing to save the prisoner's life. Governor Tyler's reply to Major Gutchins when he asked if he must obey orders of sheriff at Emporia and abandon the prisoners to their fate, was as follows: "The sole 117% 117% 137 135% 1175 137 76% 3714 140 59% 140% 140% 140% 140% 76% 76% 74 Pennsylvania R. R...... 1385,6 591,4 397,5 143,6 593,8 173,6 943,4 511,6 759,8 74 138% 59% 39% 14% 59% 17% 94% 54 75% Southern Pacific.
Southern Railway, pfd.
Southern Railway, pfd.
Texas Pacific.
Tenn. Coal and Iron.
Union Pacific, pfd.
Union Pacific, pfd.
US Leather, pfd. ers to their fate, was as follows: "The sole responsibility is on the sheriff. If he orders you to withdraw you can do nothing but to withdraw you can do nothing but. We have done everything possible bey. We have done everything possible to uphold the law and prevent mob vio-ence, and are still prepared to render any aid necessary.

"Will arrange with railroad to bring your the promptness and soldierly U.S. RUDber 21½ 22½ 21½ Wabash pfd 21½ 22½ 21½ Western Union Tel. 84 84 84 Colorado Fuel and Iron 48½ 49½ 48 Leather 14½ 14½ 14½ 14½ 14½ 221/4 84 49 141/6 men back. The promptness and soldier!; conduct of your battalion is commended an your own efficient services are appreciated. J. HOGE TYLER, Governor.

# Washington Stock Exchange.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call. 12 o'clock m.—U. S. 2s. conpon. \$500 at 110%. Potomac Fire Insurance, 25 at 75. Capital Traction Rights, \$315 at 69, \$300 at 69, \$300 at 69, \$450 at 69, \$2.700 at 69, \$1,107 at 69, \$1,410 at 69, Capital Traction ex. dividend, 5 at 108%, 34 to 108%, 10 at 108%, 20 at 109, 30 at 109, 37 at 109%, 30 at 109, 40 at 109%, 100 at 109%, 37 at 109%, 7 at 54%, 25 at 54%, 10 at 54%, 40 at 54%, 40 at 54%, 40 at 54%, 50 at 15%, 100 at 101%, 10 at 101%, 20 at 15%, 100 at 15, 50 at 15%, 20 at 15%, 100 at 15, 15 at 15, 100 at 13%, After call—Lanston Monotype, 25 at 15%, 20 at 10%, 5 at 110.

District of Columbia Bonds.—6s, 1902, 30-year funding, 105 bid. 3.65s, 1024, funding, 118 bid.

Miscellameous Bonds.—Metropolitan Raifroad 5s, 123 bid. Washington Gas Co. series A, 6s, 115 bid. U. 8. Electric Light deb. Imp. 6s, 112 asked. U. 8. Electric Light cert. Indebt., 6s, 112 asked. U. 8. Electric Light cert. Indebt., 6s, 112 asked. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone con. 5s, 108% bid. American Graphophone deb. 5s, 100 bid.

Masonic Hail Association 5s, 107 bid. American Graphophone deb. 5s, 100 bid.

National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington. 363 bid. 400 asked. Metropolitan, 575 bid. 60 asked. Oliniarity and Trust, 130 bid. Sart-Deposit and Trust, 130 bid. Traders', 125 bid. Lincoln, 120 bid. Columbia, 120 bid. Sart-Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 130 bid. 135 asked. Washington, 145 bid. Metropolitan, 575 bid. 60 asked. Merican Graphophone property and Trust Companies.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 130 bid. 135 asked. Commercial, 4 bid. 49 asked. Colonial II asked. American Security and Trust, 130 bid. 135 asked. Commercial, 4 bid. 49 asked. Col

Baltimore Markets.

pounds of historical bronze, the same to be a portion of that captured at Santiago de Cuba on or about the 3d of July, 1898, or elsewhere during the Spanish war by the United States from the kingdom of Spain, said bronze to be used by said committee for the purpose of siriking therefrom cer-tain medals to be presented by said com-mittee to the individual members thereof." BALTIMORE, March 24.—Flour quiet and unchanged; receipts, 10,133 barrels; exports, 4,477 barrels. Wheat dull; spot and March. 1735a73; May, 725a73; steamer No. 2 red, 675a67%; receipts, 6,928 bushels; exports, 16,000 bushels; southern wheat by sample, 68a75; do on grade, 70a74. Corn inactive and higher; spot, March and April, 415a415; May, 415a2; steamer mixed, 405a695; receipts, 123,218 bushels; exports, 209,788 bushels;

HIRED TO DO MURDER DEMOCRATIC ACTIVITY ALEXANDRIA AFFAIRS AN OFFER FOR THE POUND FINANCE AND TRADE Southern white and yellow corn. 41 4424. Outs dull and easy. No. 2 white, 30 4305; No. 2 western, 38450. Hay steady; No. 2 western, 38450. Hay steady; steady; No. 2 western, 38450

Government Bonds 2 per cents, registered, 1998-1928,
3 per cents, registered, 1998-1928,
5 per cents, coupon, 1908-1928,
4 per cents, registered, 1907,
4 per cents, coupon, 1907,
4 per cents, registered, 1925,
5 per cents, coupon, 1925,
5 per cents, registered, 1904,
5 per cents, coupon, 1904,

rain, Provisions and Cotton Markets CHICAGO, March 24.-Gra Wheat-May..... Corn—May July Oats—Vlay July CHICAGO, March 24.-Pro Pork-May July Lard-May July Ribs-May July NEW YORK, March 24.- Ca

GUILTY AS INDICTED. Nelson Vale Convicted of the Murder of Alex Jackson.

In the case of Nelson Vale, colored, in dicted for the murder of Alexander Jackson ilso colored the 14th of last January, near Tenleytown, the jury, a few minutes be fore 3 o'clock this afternoon, returned a fore 3 o'clock this afternoon, returned a verdict of guilty as indicted. This requires the imposition of the sentence of death.

The testimony in the case was concluded yesterday. The consideration of prayers and arguments of counsel occupied the greater part of the session today. The jury retired shortly after 2 o'clock.

Notice of the filing of a motion for a new trial was given.

A BUNCH OF VAGRANTS

Sent Down by Judge Scott for Vari-

Thomas O'Donnell, a young man who lives on 27th street, was in the Police Court today for an alleged violation of the va "This man is one of several men who

hang about the K street bridge and 'rush the growler,' " Policeman Backenhelmer said. "Citizens complain that they cannot go over the bridge without being 'held up. The money they get in this way they spend

"Have you ever seen this particular man begging?" Judge Scott inquired. "No, sir."

"No, sir."
"Judge, your honor," said O'Donnell, "I haven't been locked up for two years, and I seldom go near the K street bridge, I do drink, but if you will excuse me this time I'll take the pledge."

Judge Scott suggested that a few days away from liquor, would do him good and

Judge Scott suggested that a few days away from liquor would do him good, and fired him \$5 or fifteen days on the farm.

"He's an old-timer," was the introduction given Charles Cammack, who next appeared. "Charlie has been here many times before," Prosecuting Attorney Pugh said.

"I'm guilty," Cammack answered, when arraigned for vagrancy and drunkenness.

Policeman Pat Creagh's testimony was not necessary to assist the court in reaching a conclusion. ing a conclusion.
"Ten dollars or thirty days," said the

judge.

Another prisoner arraigned for violating the provisions of the vagrancy law was a boy named Charles Brooks, who entered a plea of guilty.
"What was he doing?" Mr. Pugh inquired

of Policeman Aud.
"Begging for something to eat," was the The young stranger had nothing to say, and the court sent him down for thirty days.

John A. Jewett, a painter, who has a shop near 14th and N streets, denied a charge of

"I was so drunk last night that I don't remember what happened," admitted Jew-ett, "but I deny that I am a common drunk-ard, for sometimes I go a whole month without taking a drink."

He said he would make an honest effort to reform if released, but the court imposed a \$5 fine.

regarding egress therefrom, as, in the opinion of Mr. Mortimer, "endangers the lives and limbs of the patrons of Senator McMillan referred the matter to the District Commissioners, and they in turn referred it first to the chief of police and the fire marshal, and these officials have reported that in their opinion the law and regulations relative to ing ample and convenient avenu and escape from the building have been and are fully complied with, and that they are as safe as those of any other theater in the city

in the city.

The fire marshal in his report stated that The fire marshal in his report stated that he has made a thorough examination of the house, finding the condition to be good. The doors on the south side, he said, are kept closed with a swinging bar, and on the west or 15th street side by a simple wire hook, easily operated by a woman or child in case of panic. On each side of the stage and also in the fly loft are two lines of hose, coupled to a standpipe, the water of hose, coupled to a standpipe, the water of hose, coupled to a standpipe, the water being always turned on, ready for use in case of a fire and with a competent man in charge. "I consider the avenues of est cape ample," stated the fire marshal, in conclusion, "and the house comparatively

as safe as any other in the city. ON DUPONT CIRCLE.

Sale of a Spacious Building Site in a Residential Section

A valuable and generous building site at the northeast corner of Dupont circle and P street has been sold by Mrs Anna cago. It is supposed to be the purpose of the new owner to erect upon this site a residence for his own use. The ground is wedged shaped, the broad end being at the rear. The frontage on the circle is 64 area contains 1,390 square feet. The price paid was \$6 per foot, which aggregates

\$83,406. The ground adjoins the lot on which is The ground adjoins the lot on which is the handsome residence of Mr. Boardman, while across the street is the home of Mr. L. Z. Leiter. It is one of few remaining pieces of unimproved property fronting on Dupont Circle, and the purchase represents one of the largest transactions of that sort that has taken place here for some time. Mr. A. D. Addison, real estate broker, and the office of R. O. Holtzman, in connection with E. C. Baumgras, real estate broker, were the brokers in the transaction.

It is interesting to note that this property has been in the family of Mrs. Stewart for the past twenty years or more, having

erty has been in the family of arts. Stewart for the past twenty years or more, having come to the father-in-law of the owner, the late ex-Representative Andrew Stewart of-Pennsylvania, in trade for some western lands. The value of the property at that time was \$1 per foot.

Big Sale of Graphophone Stock. Mr. J. J. Darlington, administrator of the estate of the late R. O. Holtzman, has just disposed of between two and three thou-sand shares of American Graphophone stock, about equally divided between mon and preferred, to the officers of the Columbia Phonograph Company. It is derstood that the price paid was \$12

share.

It is believed that this is the largest block of stock to change hands in a single transaction in the history of the graphophone company.

To Be Tried Again. Chief Justice Bingham, in Circuit Court

No. 1, today granted a new trial in the case of George Kibby against the Baltimore and

Potomac Railroad Company. Kibby sucd to recover \$20,000, and was awarded by the verdict of the jury \$11,750.